

RESULTS FRAMEWORK INDICATORS IN WORLD BANK GROUP PROJECTS THAT WORK ON WEE

July 15, 2021

SAMPLE OF OPERATIONS REVIEWED — BY REGION

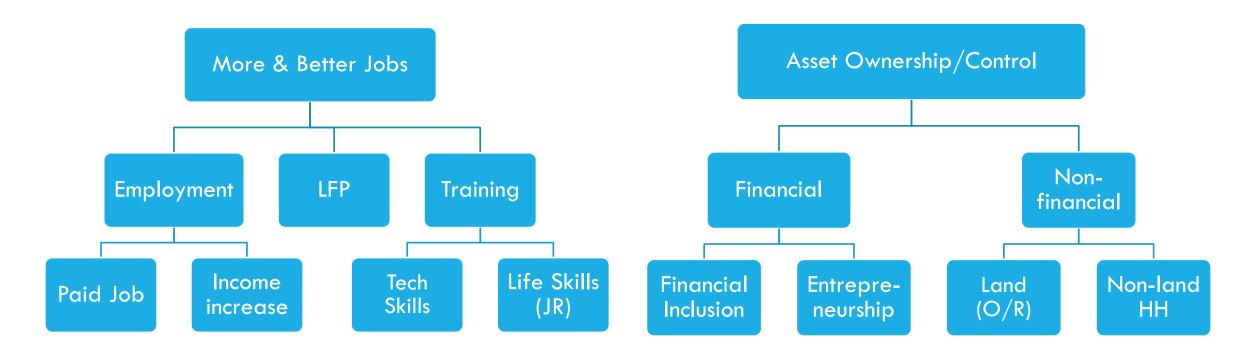
- Ops Closing Gender Gaps in Labor Market Outcomes and Asset Ownership, identified by regional gender focal points (post Board/effectiveness only)
- 70 total operations identified
- Req: PDO-level WEE indicator in PAD/PP (not PDO itself)
- Of 70, 20 with **only** intermed-level indicators; 6 with neither PDO or Int-level • **44 Ops w/ PDO-level indicators** (most measure closure of gender gaps in econ opportunities/outcomes— not empowerment/agency (implicit in some design)



OPS W/ PDO-LEVEL INDICATORS, BY PG / GP (SECTOR)

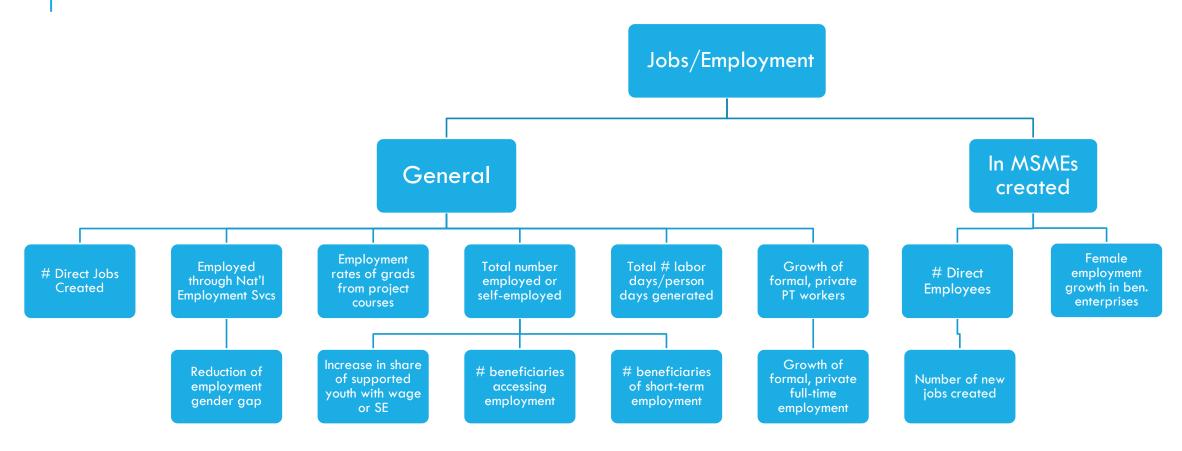
INF (2) EFI (12) HD (16) SD (14) AG (4) FCI (6) SPJ (11) TRANS (1) SSI (4) MTI (2) EDU (4) **EEX (1)** Urban (2) GOV (2) **Land** (2) **DRM** (1) POV (1) HNP (1) IFC (1) ENB (1)

PDO-LEVEL INDICATORS UNDER PILLARS: BUCKETS WITHIN DOMAINS?



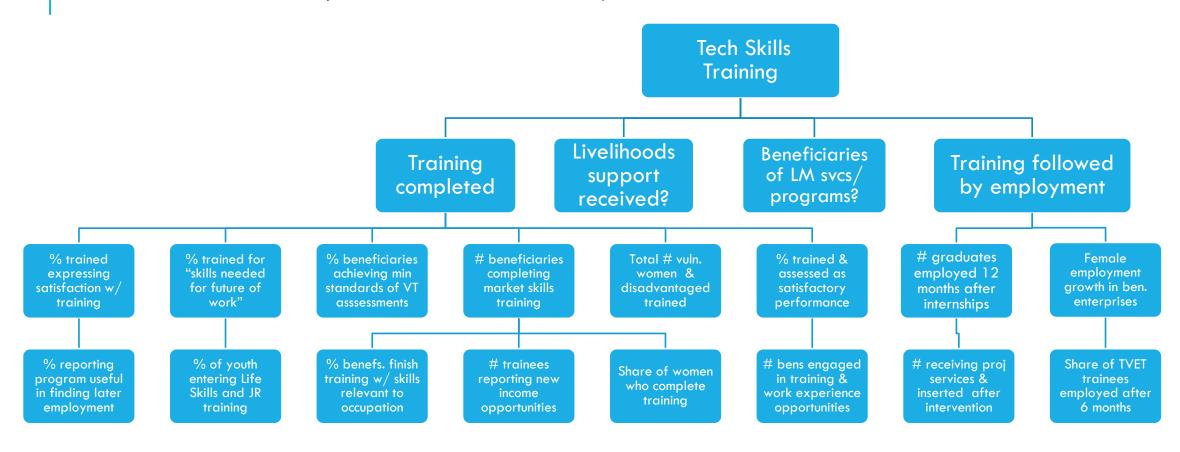
Notes: Employment (direct), Training (intermediate), and Training that leads to Employment Incl: "Cash-Plus" Operations but no CT-only ops (see WEE indicators in G2Px, Buvinic & O'Donnell, Alicia & Eliana) Overlap across buckets and domains, e.g., financial lit training, BDS for entreps, Training on rights to assets, etc.

LARGE VARIATION WITHIN BUCKETS OF PDO-LEVEL INDICATORS (SAME GP, UNIT) -- JOBS

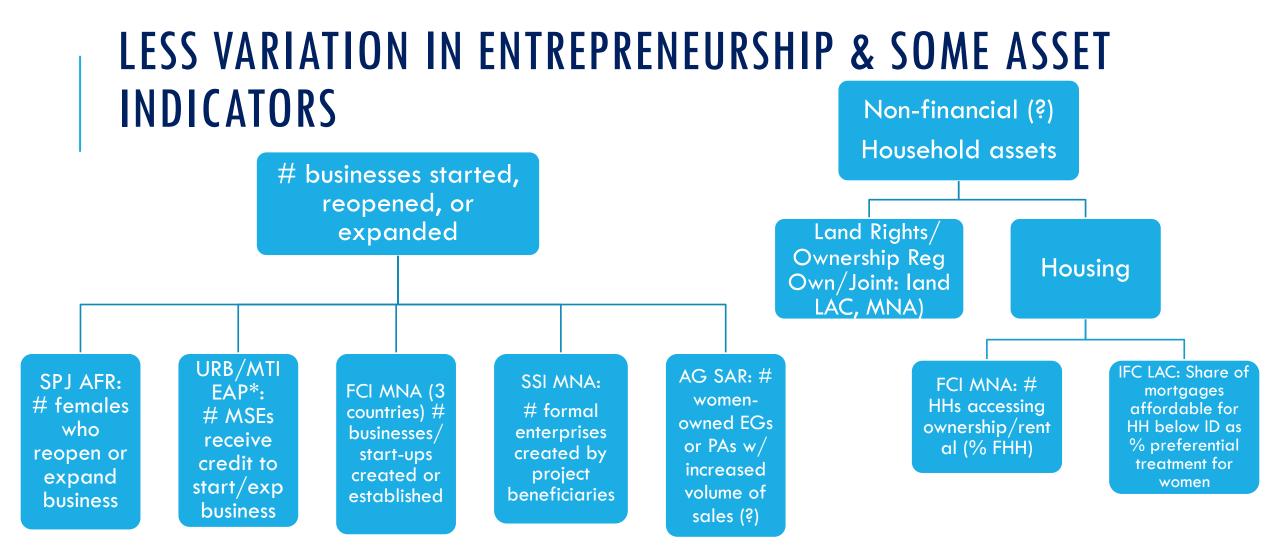


Notes: Indicators are from Ops (co)mapped to following GPs: SPJ, SSI, AGF, URL (Urban, DRM) FCI, IFC, MTI indicators have a target for overall beneficiaries/served population, of which (#/%) female -- unless 100% female beneficiaries

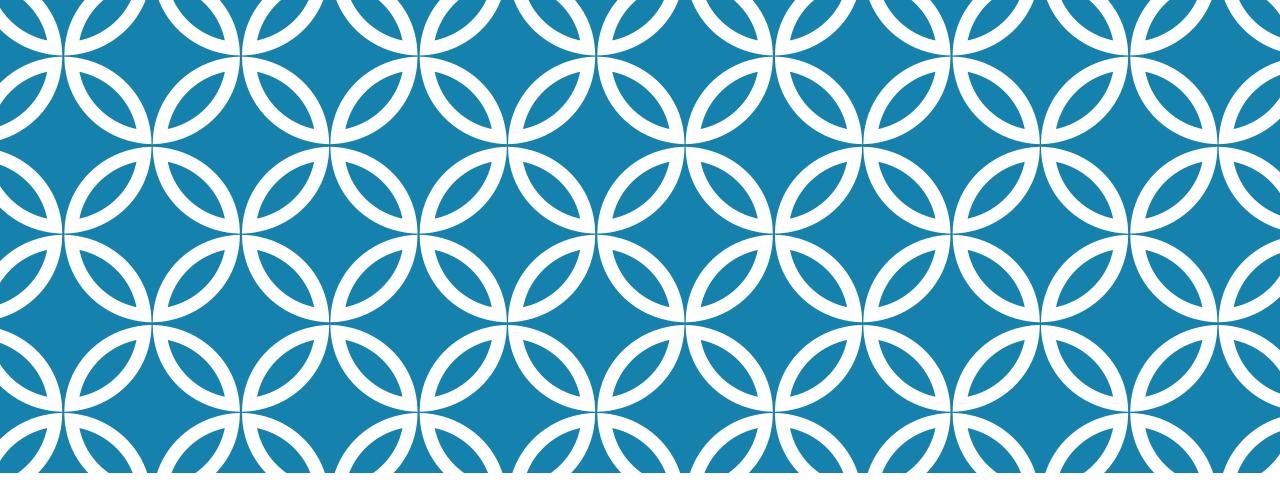
HUGE VARIATION WITHIN BUCKETS OF PDO-LEVEL INDICATORS (SAME GP, UNIT) -- SKILLS



Notes: Most indicators have a target for overall beneficiaries/served population, of which (#/%) female -- unless 100% female beneficiaries



Note: * There is another operation in EAP (SPJ) with a PDO-level indicator of "% of beneficiaries of micro-enterprise support whose ME is still in business at least 6 months after receiving a microloan," BUT it is not sex-disaggregated.



Q: TO HARMONIZE OR NOT TO HARMONIZE?

REASONS TO/NOT TO HARMONIZE INDICATORS

- WBG projects use **common buckets** of indicators re: closing gender gaps in economic outcomes — within GPs & PGs, and even across PGs. But **not common indicators** themselves, especially re: Jobs/Employment.

So what?

- Projects have specific, sector/GP-relevant DOs with particular beneficiaries in particular contexts
 - Labor, credit, land markets
 - FCV, Post-disaster
- What's in the PAD not necessarily in the Operations Manual ("delta" gets us to WEE)
- Complementary interventions/indicators (intermed) \rightarrow enabling envt (child care, norms change)
- WBG project teams negotiate with client counterparts on indicators & target beneficiaries, interventions (political/social sensitivities)
- Corporate reporting to Board, DPs \rightarrow Unintended consequences (e.g. Tag). What is the trade-off?
- Do WB ops even "do WEE" when they rarely include the agency/empowerment indicators for WEE?
 - Among all 70 reviewed, 1 project w/ indicator directly re: exercise of agency/empowerment (intermed level) and 1 w/ indicator indirectly related to HH decision-making (PDO-level).
 - CT ops not in sample; some pipeline WEE ops starting to incorporate empowerment-focused indicators, some PDO.

LESS 'HARMONIZATION' THAN INFORMED DESIGN: FIRST GETTING THE BASICS RIGHT WITH ECONOMIC OUTCOME INDICATORS

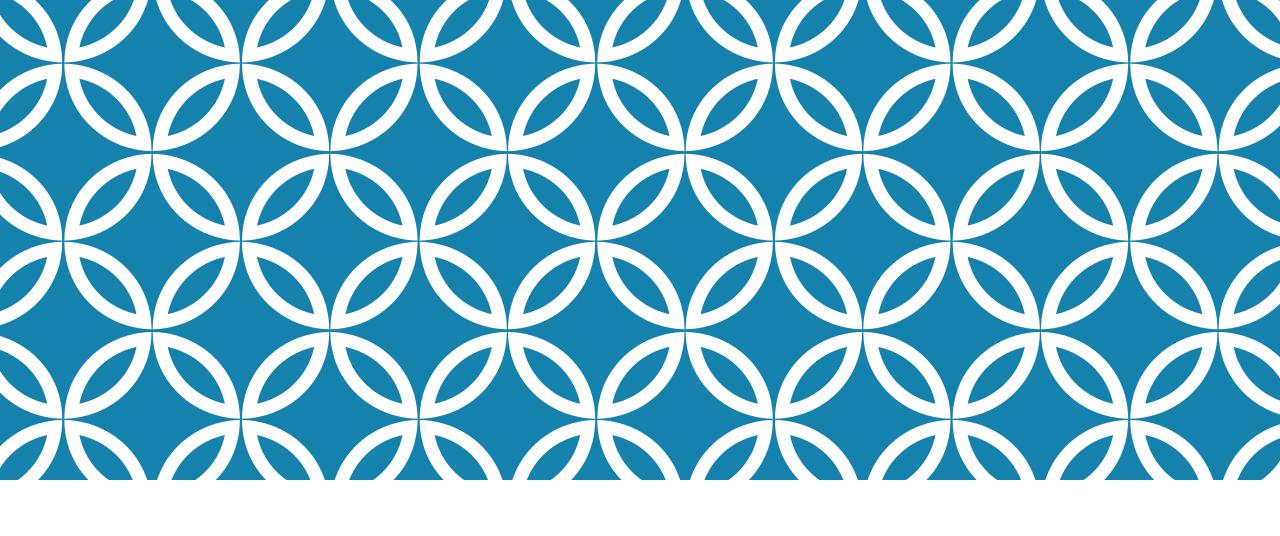
Value-added to operations (beneficiaries, client counterparts) and GPs?

- Should WB projects incorporate agency/empowerment WEE indicators yet if we still don't know how well existing indicators re: gender gaps in economic outcomes (EO) are performing?
- What are the existing indicators measuring, exactly?
- Is the outcome attributable to the project?
- Does progress in the indicator meaningfully close gender gaps in econ outcomes? Is the progress measured sustainable after the project closes?
- Can they be used to inform/complement/improve sector-specific guidance on gender indicators (see intranet: gender. Look under Tools & Guidance on Gender in the GPs)
- * Is it worth identifying key "finish-line" EO indicators that are appropriate across a range of GPs and contexts, e.g., businesses started or sustained over a certain period of time?

FROM INFORMED IMPLEMENTATION TO 'HARMONIZATION'?

Value-added of common economic outcome (EO) gender gap/WEE indicators to operations (beneficiaries, client counterparts) and GPs?

- * How are EO/WEE indicators "doing" under implementation? Next steps for WBG
 - Do they get revised or dropped? How often?
 - Do the ones that remain through completion have achievable targets? Why or why not?
 - ❖ Which ones are the most reliable and replicable (across operations, GPs, PGs, universal)?
- What do indicators tell us about how well the project is designed "what works" to close gender gaps in economic outcomes and/or increase women's economic empowerment?
- * How well can a quantitative indicator "find" that progress can be credited to the project?
- Would qualitative assessment always need to complement the quantitative to show this—in ISRs/ICRs or some other reporting instrument?
- s ls mixed methods reporting sufficient, or do we ultimately need impact evaluation?
- How do we go about harmonizing? Across units, operational business lines, GPs, PGs, regions, whole institutions, across institutions? (start where is maximum technical grounding)



THANK YOU!