

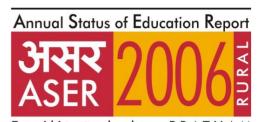
ASSESSMENT & COMMMUNITY PARTICIPATION:

Experiences from ASER & PAHELI in India



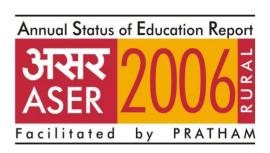
1

Evolution of ASER



- Pratham's goal: Every child in school and learning well.
- From 1994 Pratham has worked primarily with children who have either been:
 - left out : never been to school or dropped out, or
 - left behind: in school but lagging academically: potential drop out
- These children need to accelerate to catch up. Without adequate "learning", children do not last in the education system and the gains to "going to school" cannot be sustained.
- The assessment tool was very important in setting goals for basic learning, in developing the accelerated learning technique and for replicating large scale "learning to read" programs.

Reading task/assessment tool



पढ़ने का टेस्ट

मैं और मेरी बहन छत पर खेल रहे थे । अचानक आसमान में बादल गरजने लगे, बिजली कड़कने लगी । बड़ी-बड़ी बुँदें पड़ने लगीं । हम जल्दी से भागकर नीचे आ गए । तभी भैया गरम-गरम समोसे और पकौड़े ले आया । हमने खिडकी के पास बैठकर समोसे-पकौड़े खाये और बारिश का मज़ा लिया।

सोनू बाग में खेल रहा था। वहाँ आम के बहुत पेड़ थे। सोनू ने एक आम तोड़ा। आम बहुत मीठा था।

ल प लाभ दूध स पैर क र चाकू कूड़ा ट छोटा Sample: Hindi basic reading test

Similar tests developed in all languages

Microplanning and community mobilization via village report cards ASER



Discussion in small groups in each hamlet :

Local participation in making a education report card for hamlet

Volunteers mobilized for supporting children's schooling and learning in each hamlet:

"Demo" class run in the village for 4-5 days to show how children can learn fast

Big meeting in village to discuss villahe report card.

Attended by villagers, village council members, VEC members and headmaster and teachers:

100-150 people attend on average.

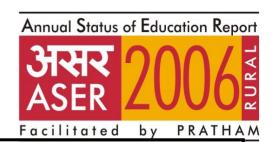
Agree on next steps

Start action.

Track measurable changes in children's learning, school functioning



How to link policy, plans & provisions to practice?



ENGAGE AND EVALUATE

Generate curiosity
Encourage participation
Engage in simple activities
Use basic tools & methods
Generate your **own** data

De-mystifying research and assessment

COMPARE WITH PROVISIONS

Local demands for information

Push for institutional mechanisms for linking govt and citizens

Demanding accountability

UNDERSTAND EVIDENCE

Digest information as it is being generated close to the ground

Move from anecdote or personal experience to aggregate picture

Enabling analysis based on evidence

THINK ABOUT SOLUTIONS

What can we do as citizens?

Local strategies, common goals, collective involvement

Linking assessment and analysis to action

What about at policy level

Annual Status of Education Report ASER 2006 Facilitated by PRATHAM

Example: Universal elementary education

- One of the MDG goals is universal elementary enrollment
- Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan SSA (Government of India program for universalization of elementary education) has similar goals
- From school, village level to state and national level, enrollment numbers are published and discussed.

But what about learning? What is the "value added" by being in school?

- No international prescription or definiton
- National SSA goal: "education of satisfactory quality relevant for life"
- In India, government measurements of learning not current or timely

Rapid assessments of schooling & learning...leading to ASER



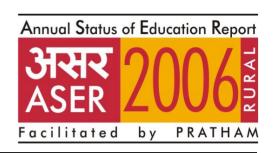
Is rapid assessment useful to others? June-July 2004.....

- In one state (Uttar Pradesh)
- Invited 20 other NGOs to see if this kind of rapid assessment was useful to them.

Can rapid assessment be done across the country? August 2004:

- Pratham teams led rapid assessment effort in 17 states
- 1 district, 2 randomly sampled blocks, 5 villages each
- Presented to the Planning commission.
- Exercise completed in 25 days.

Nuts & bolts of ASER...



COVERAGE

- 549 districts,
- 15,610 villages
- 318,761 households
- 146,422 3-5 year olds
- 518,551 6-14 year olds
- 93,055 15-16 year olds
- TOTAL = 758,028 3-16
- 517,069 women
- Of these, 313, 135 were mothers.

SAMPLING:

2001 census village list

PPS sampling

30 villages per district (~1000 to 1500 villages on average in a district)

All children 3 to 16 in 20 randomly selected households in the village

PARTNERS FOR DATA COLLECTION & DISSEMINATION....

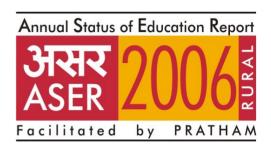
Local group in each district – colleges, universities, NGOs, youth groups, womens' groups

Can children read in India?



Reading : % Children who CAN read						
Std.	Nothing	Letter	Word	Level 1 (Std 1) text	Level 2 (Std 2) text	Total
I	38.4	38.3	16.8	4.0	2.6	100
II	14.2	30.1	32.5	15.0	8.3	100
III	6.3	16.5	29.3	28.0	19.9	100
IV	3.2	8.9	18.7	31.7	37.6	100
v	2.1	4.9	11.9	28.1	53.0	100
VI	1.3	2.5	6.7	22.9	66.6	100
VII	0.8	1.5	4.1	17.5	76.1	100
VIII	0.6	0.9	2.3	12.6	83.7	100
Total	9.9	14.8	16.5	19.8	39.0	100

INDIA RURAL Std. III-V Reading Statewise map showing % children in JAMMU AND KASHMIR std III-V who can read std I text or more HIMACHAI UTTAR PRADESH RAJASTHAN BIHAR HARKHAND MADHYA PRADESH ORISSA MAHARASHTRA мимв ANDHRA PRADESH % children in std III-V who can read std I text or more Below 55 55-65 75-85 85-100 Maps may not be accurate or to-scale. These are mere representations.



READING MAP: INDIA

Children who can read at least Std 1 text:

Dark red: below 55%

Lighter red: 55-65%

Darker green: 85-100%

Impact of ASER ...

20 states involved in Read India campaign. Village volunteers and schools/teachers.

14 state governments are collaborating with Pratham on Read India (basic learning improvement programs).

ASER referred to in many national and state policy documents.

National achievement test findings are being released faster as a result of ASER.

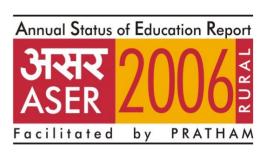


State and district annual work plans for elementary schooling are getting higher allocations for learning. E.g. MP

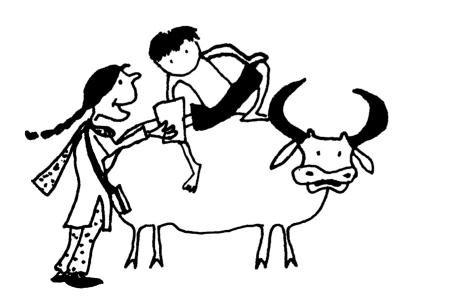
Innovations in reading materials – cards, posters, newspapers

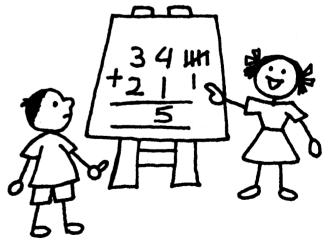
Extending ASER approach to other sectors – e.g. PAHELI

++



ASER 2006: TESTS AND TESTING





Arithmetic test : Sample

MATH TEST/ गणित (4)



Number/ संख्या पहचान	Subtraction/ घटा	Division/ भाग	
27 86	8 2 - 2 7 - 2 9	7)823	
44 71	77 55 - 69 - 36	4)578	
52 83	65 25		
75 56	_ 48 17	6)783	
31 64	3 2 - 1 8 - 2 5	8)969(
Ask any 5. Of 5, 4 must be correct./ पाँच पुछो। 5 में से 4 सही होने चाहिए।	Ask any 2. Both must be correct. दो करो। दोनों ही सही होने चाहिये।	Ask any 1. It must be correct. एक करो। किया हुआ सवाल सही होना चाहिए।	

Sample : Arithmetic test

Similar tests developed in all languages