

When Will We Ever Learn? Improving Lives through Impact Evaluation

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Good impact evaluations:

- start in the program design phase
- are designed with policymakers & managers
- include external actors
- focus on measuring impact
- document context, process and operations
- address enduring questions
- are selective and strategic





Common experiences:

- Ex-post approach (researchers)
 - Oops, we don't have the right data
- Project cycle approach (managers)
 - Oops, we don't have enough \$ or time
- Wishy-washy results (policymakers)
 - Oops, we don't really know what works





How it could be:

- Split impact evaluation process from program approval and implementation so it can be:
 - selective
 - concentrate financial & technical resources
 - perceived as independent & credible
- Link impact evaluation process to program design so:
 - questions will be relevant
 - data collection will be appropriate
 - conclusions can be rigorous





Recommendations

- Ministries, Agencies, NGOs should do more of what they can do and are doing
- Collective effort to corral the good intentions:
 - Identify enduring questions
 - Promote strong standards
 - Provide an independent review process
 - Target assistance for design
 - Dedicate funds for impact evaluation







The Imperative to Do Something

- Everyone recognizes it's a problem but there's inertia
- "Who will bell the cat?"
- Confluence of interest, urgency, and support from major foundations and agencies might make it a reality!

Appendix





Individual efforts will get us part of the way

- Reinforcing existing efforts will help reduce the evaluation gap.
- Individual agencies can:
 - Strengthen their overall monitoring and evaluation systems
 - Dedicate resources to impact evaluation
 - Ensure collaboration between policymakers, project managers, and evaluation experts
 - Improve standards for evidence
 - Facilitate access to and use of knowledge
 - Building capacity in developing countries to conduct rigorous evaluations





Collective efforts are necessary

- Collective commitments are needed to assure sufficient investments in closing the evaluation gap.
- Only a collective initiative can:
 - Overcome the lack of incentives to conduct impact evaluations
 - Mobilize and appropriately channels new funds
 - Act strategically where the most can be learned for the global good





Functions of a collective initiative

Core Functions

- Establish quality standards for rigorous evaluations
- Administer reviews for evaluation designs & studies
- Identify priority topics
- Provide grants for impact evaluation design

Other Functions

- Organize and disseminate information
- Build capacity to produce, interpret and use knowledge
- Create a directory of researchers
- Communication and public education
- Administer new funds for impact evaluations





What would a collective effort look like?

An entity is needed to implement a collective initiative to satisfy these aims:

- High standards of technical quality
- Independence and legitimacy
- Operational efficiency
- International leadership
- Ability to mobilize additional resources for impact evaluation





Funding options

- Members co-finance core functions through dues reflecting differences in scale and financial resources
- Stakeholders negotiate a common agreement on apportioning and paying for services
- Financing of impact evaluations
 - Members can commit to finance their own impact evaluations that address questions of common interest and enduring importance
 - Members can contribute additional funds to the collective entity to finance impact evaluations





Institutional options

- The council can be constituted in many different forms, ultimately to be decided upon by the stakeholders, for example:
- An interagency committee where members appoint staff to act as liaisons
- A special program within an existing organization where members elect a supervisory committee
- An independent organization governed by an elected Board with a secretariat responsible for execution





Potential Impact

- Tackle incentive problems for sustainable production of good impact evaluations
- Engage & support developing countries in producing good impact evaluations
- Improve international evidence base for social development policy
- Make aid dollars and domestic social spending more effective





Next steps

- Capstone meeting with stakeholders and potential members in Bellagio to establish principles and commitments (June)
- Design and implement an agreement